### **Background to Neo-Darwinian Evolution**

Microevolution vs. Macroevolution and Animal Kinds



# What We Will Learn about "Animal Kinds" in This Lesson

- A) Fixity of <u>Animal Kinds</u> Disproves neo-Darwinian Evolution
- B) Animals Can Vary/Change Within Their own Kind (Microevolution), But Not Outside Their own Kind (Macroevolution).
- C) Similarities in Created Kinds Reflects an <u>Intelligent Designer</u>

# Introduction What Our Children Are Facing







### **Logical Fallacy: "Appeal to the Majority"**



# Logical Fallacy: "Argumentum ad populum" AKA....

### Bandwagon



"Officer, I didn't do anything wrong. Everyone around me was going the same speed."

### Logical Fallacy: "Appeal to the Majority"

### AFTER EDEN

by Dan Lietha

That's all very interesting, but do you happen to have any **EXPERIMENTAL** RESULTS to support your philosophy?

230 WHAT DO YOU MEAN EVOLUTION ISN'T REAL? I SEE IT EVERYWHERE-IN TV COMMERCIALS, VIDEO GAMES, COMIC BOOKS, ANIMATED CARTOONS, MOVIES, MUSIC VIDEOS, CEREAL BOXES, TV SIT COMS, MAGAZINE ADS, BUMPER STICKERS, T-SHIRTS, RESTAURANT TRAY LINERS, ROLLER COASTERS, AIG 2009 CANDY WRAPPERS ... www.AnswersInGenesis Dal Less

**Evolution** evangelists

And while we're on the subject, in the 1930's, Nazi Germany propaganda was also everywhere: on radio commercials, comic books, movies, music, magazine ads, clothing, and business windows. Would you have accepted the Holocaust too?

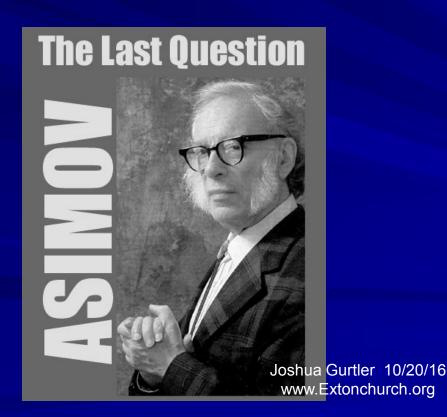


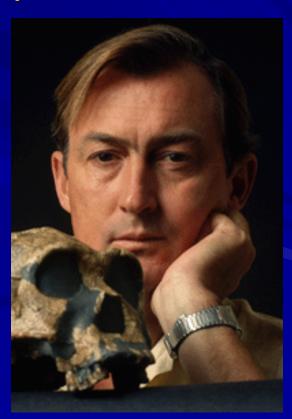
If you're truly interested in finding the truth, why don't we sit down and compare views as to why I believe we are the result of an intelligent designer and not the accidental byproduct of evolution from a cloud of hydrogen gas and pond scum.





- "Intelligence is an <u>accident</u> of evolution, and not necessarily an advantage." Dr. Isaac Asimov (Physics professor, wrote > 500 books)
- "In many ways we are a biological <u>accident</u>, the product of countless propitious circumstances."
  - Dr. Richard Leakey Co-author with American science writer Roger Amos Lewin Origins: What New Discoveries Reveal about the Emergence of our Species and its Possible Future (1977), p. 256.





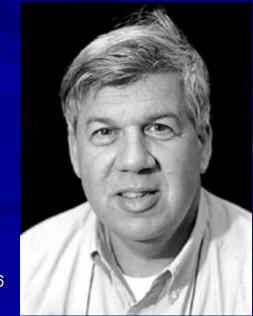
"In other words, physicists are now claiming that the hundreds of billions of stars and galaxies, including the earth and humanity, are not conscious creations but an <u>accident</u>. There is no Creator, because there was no creation." – Dr. Victor Stenger, (Particle Physicist) "Was the Universe Created?" Free Inquiry (Summer 1987), pp. 26-30. p. 26

\* "Many paleontologists, myself included, now view Homo sapiens as a tiny and unpredictable twig on a richly ramifying tree of lifea happy <u>accident</u> of the last geological moment, unlikely ever to appear again if we could regrow the tree from seed."

- Dr. Stephen Jay Gould, "Modified Grandeur," Natural History, vol. 102

(March 1993), pp. 14-20. p 20





"Gould himself summed up his first two Tanner lectures thus: 'Our evolution is not progressively ordained, moving toward us. It is not for the best. It does not lead to perfect structure. There are important elements of <u>accidental</u> chance regulating the major structure of the biosphere. Evolution is not smooth and gradual." – Dr. Jeremy Cherfas, "The Difficulties of Darwinism," New Scientist, vol. 102 (May 17, 1984), pp. 28-30. p. 29

"Man was not programmed in biological evolution, because evolution has no program. In one sense, man, *Drosophila*, and all other forms of life are evolutionary <u>accidents</u>."

- Dr. Theodosius Dobzhansky, (Evolutionary Geneticist)" Evolution at Work,"

Science (May 9, 1958), pp. 1091-1098. p. 1091

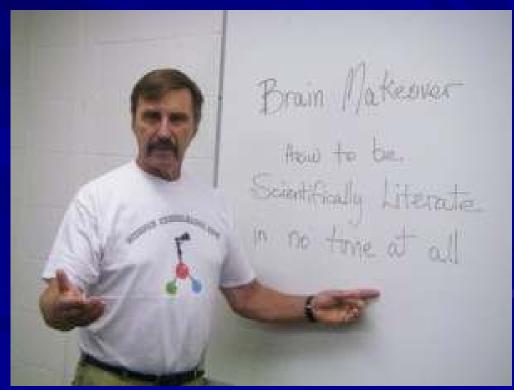


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\* "In this picture, the universe came into existence as a fluctuation in the quantum-mechanical vacuum. Such a hypothesis leads to a view of creation in which the entire universe is an <u>accident</u>. In Tyron's words, 'Our universe is simply one of those things which happen from time to time." -Dr. James Trefil, (Physicist, George Mason Univ.) "The Accidental Universe," Science Digest, vol. 92 (June 1984), pp. 53-55, 100-101.





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# What Is "Intelligent Design" or "Creation Science?"

"We have no basis on the record to conclude that creation science need be anything other than a collection of scientific data supporting the theory that life abruptly appeared on the earth."

United States Supreme Court Justices Antonin Scalia and William Rehnquist, Edwards vs. Aguillard, Dissent (1987).





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What is Evolution?
(AKA, Macroevolution,
Naturalistic Evolution, NeoDarwinism, Darwinism, or The
General Theory of Evolution)

The philosophy that all life on earth gradually evolved from a single-celled organism by means of (1) random mutations (purely accidental) and (2) natural selection (i.e., survival of the fittest). AKA, "particles to people" or "molecules to man."

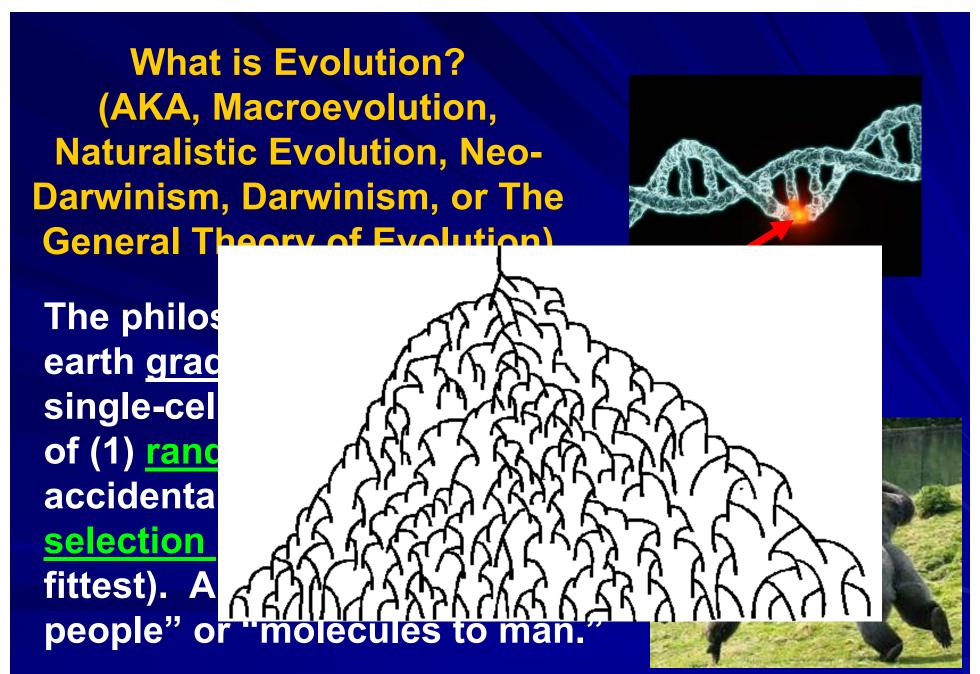


What is Evolution? (AKA, Macroevolution, **Naturalistic Evolution, Neo-**Darwinism, Darwinism, or The

**General** 

The phil earth gra single-c of (1) rai accident selectio fittest).

people" or "molecules to man."



# The <u>Philosophy</u> of Macroevolution is Not New! It has been a strong philosophical conviction of faith for <u>thousands of years</u> before man ever tried to make it scientific.

- 1. "a priori" Philosophy, (The conclusion precedes the experiments) versus
- 2. "a posteriori" Science, (The conclusion is drawn only AFTER the experiments)







# The <u>Philosophy</u> of Macroevolution is Not New! It has been a strong philosophical conviction of faith for <u>thousands of years</u> before man ever tried to make it scientific.

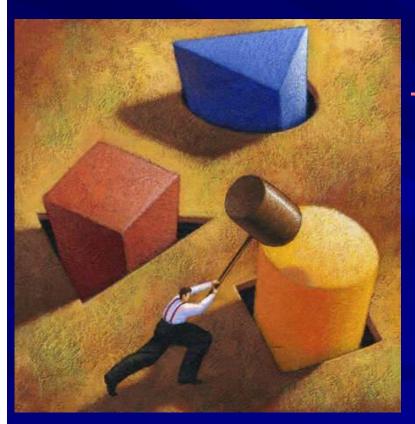
- 1. "a priori" Philosophy, (The conclusion precedes the experiments) versus
- 2. "a posteriori" Science, (The conclusion is drawn only AFTER the experiments)

Science

science
on its
head.



In Truth, Macroevolution is an *a priori*Philosophy, Which Employs *post hoc* (i.e., "after the fact") Investigations in Order to "FIT" A
Predetermined Mold



It stands
science
on its
head.

Science



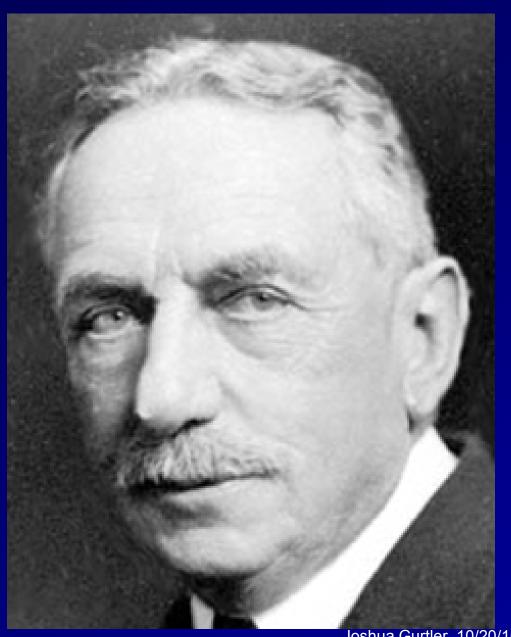
# How Do We Know Macroevolution Was Accepted Before It Was Scientifically Tested





It's So Easy a Child Can Understand It

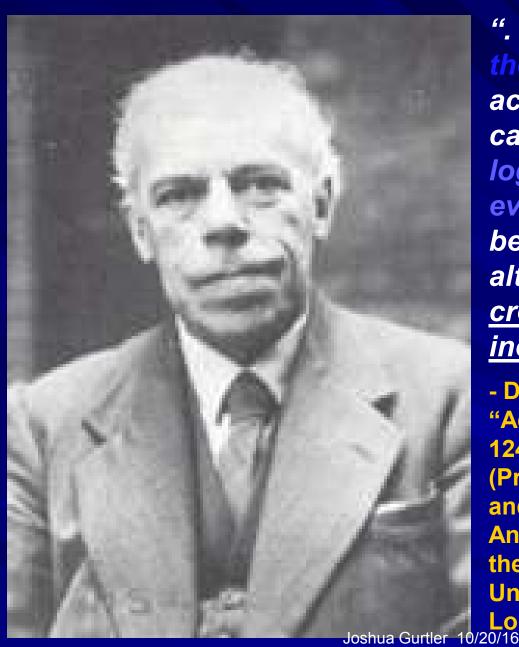
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"... from the earliest stages of Greek thought man has been eager to discover some natural cause of evolution, and to abandon the idea of supernatural intervention in the order of nature"

- Dr. H.F. Osborn, <u>The Origin</u> and Evolution of Life, 1918, p. ix. (Harvard Paleontologist, President of American Museum of Natural History)

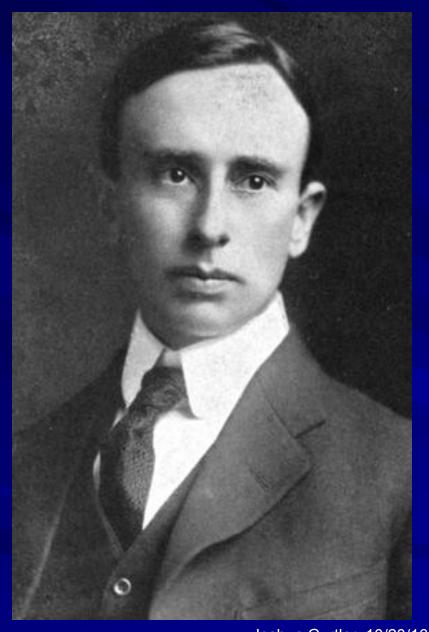
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"... evolution itself, a theory universally accepted not because it can be proved by logically coherent evidence to be true but because the only alternative, special creation, is clearly incredible."

- D. M. S., Watson,
"Adaptation," *Nature*.
124:231-234, 1929
(Professor of Zoology
and Comparative
Anatomy, Fellow of
the Royal Society,
University College,
London)

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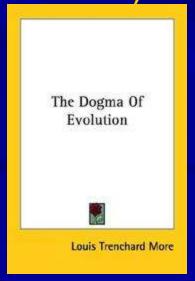


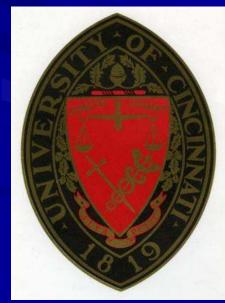
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"Our faith in the idea of evolution depends on our reluctance to accept the antagonistic doctrine of special creation"

-Dr. Louis Trenchard More, *The Dogma of Evolution*, 1925 (Dean of the College of Sciences, Dean of Graduate School, University of

Cincinnati.)





## Man Has Been Trying to Explain God Away for over 3,000 Years

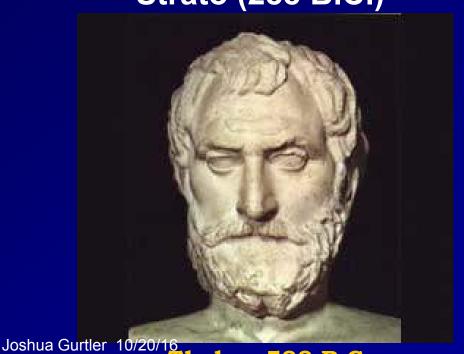
1) Psalms 14:1; 53:1 - "The fool has said in his heart, 'there is no God."

2) Evolution accepted by Ancient Greeks:

Thales (588 B.C.) Anaximander (570 B.C.);

Empedocles (455 B.C.); Democritus (420 B.C.);

**Strato (288 B.C.)** 

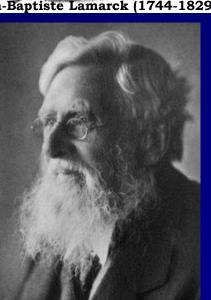


www.Extonchurch.org Thales, 588 B.C.

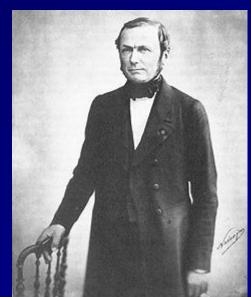
Anaximander, 570 B.C.

## **Evolution Proposed Prior to Charles Darwin**

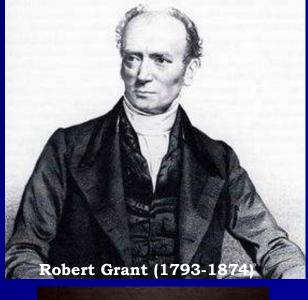




Alfred Russel Wallace (1823-1913)



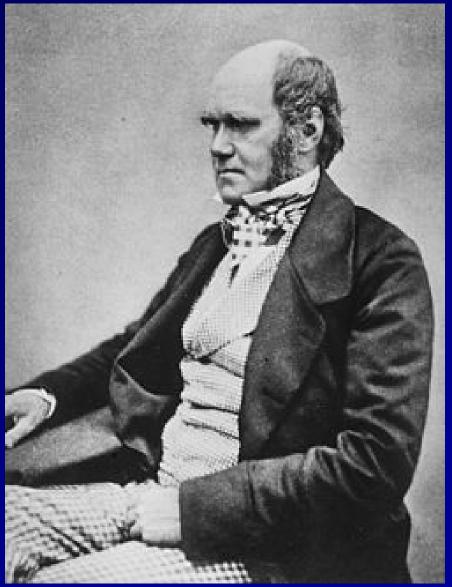
Geoffroy Saint-Hilaire (1772-1844)



**Erasmus Darwin (1731-1802)** 

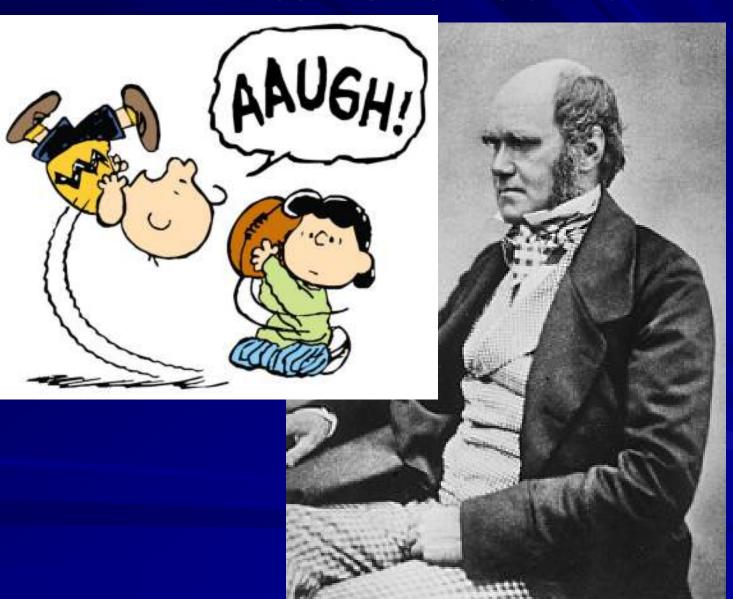
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## **Enter Charles Darwin**



**Charles Darwin** used a logical fallacy called "The Fallacy of **Equivication**" (AKA, "Bait and Switch") to say, if animals can vary <u>within</u> their kind then they can evolve into <u>different</u> kinds (i.e., across phylogentic boundaries).

## **Enter Charles Darwin**



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# A fallacy depending on the double meaning of a word.

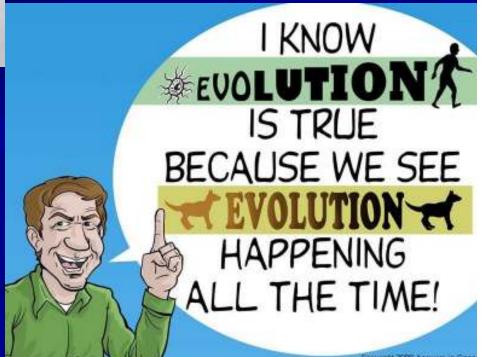
ualequal Bequalequa Mistakenly equating different meanings of one word.

An argument that uses one word to mean two different things.

# Equivocation

**NOBODY** I'M NOBODY SO I'M PERFEC

# The Logical Fallacy of **Ambiguity** Logical Fallacy of Equivocation Or "Bait and Switch"



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ON

#### THE ORIGIN OF SPECIES

BY MEANS OF NATURAL SELECTION,

OR THE

PRESERVATION OF FAVOURED RACES IN THE STRUGGLE FOR LIFE.

#### By CHARLES DARWIN, M.A.,

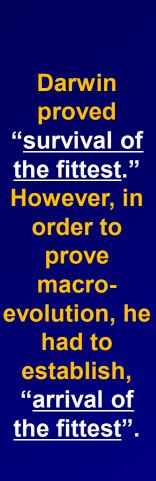
PELLOW OF THE BOYAL, GEOLOGICAL, LENNEAN, ETC., SOCIETIES; AUTHOR OF 'JOURNAL OF RESEARCHES DURING H. M. S. REAGLE'S VOYAGE BOUND THE WORLD."

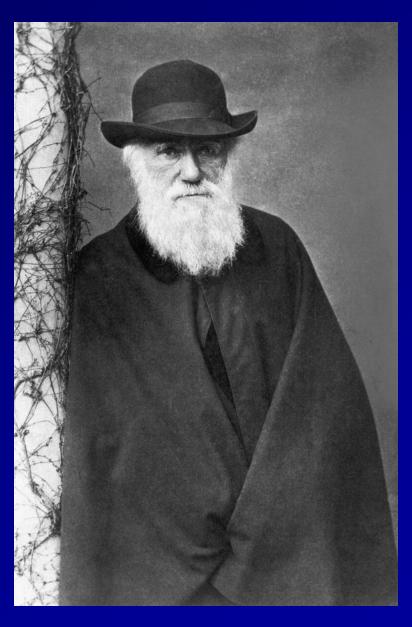
LONDON:

JOHN MURRAY, ALBEMARLE STREET.

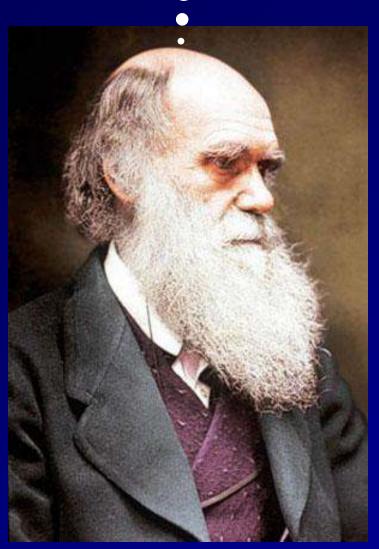
1859.

The right of Translation is reserved.









"Why is not every geological formation and every stratum full of such intermediate links? Geology assuredly does not reveal any such finely-graduated organic chain; and this, perhaps, is the most obvious and serious objection which can be urged against the theory"

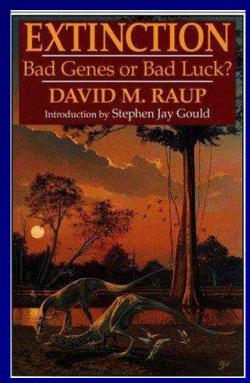
- The Origin of Species, 1872 edition, pp. 264, 265

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"The record of evolution is still surprisingly jerky and, ironically, we have even fewer examples of evolutionary transition than we had in Darwin's time."

-Dr. David M. Raup - "Conflicts Between Darwin and Paleontology," *Bulletin, Field Museum of Natural History*, vol. 50 (January 1979), p. 25. Curator and Dean of Science at the Field Museum of Natural History, Chicago.







### II. The Microevolution Maxim

- a. Change (microevolution) occurs within animal kinds (i.e., groups or types, within phylogentic boundaries, aka "variation within a kind")
- b. Microevolution does not cross phylogenetic boundaries into macroevolution (i.e., animals do not change outside their kind)

# II. The Microevolution Maxim SIMPLIFIED

Animals can vary within their kind, (microevolution) but cannot change outside their kind (macroevolution).

### Gen. 1:21, 24, 25

"So God created great sea creatures and every living thing that moves, with which the waters abounded, according to their kind, and every winged bird according to its kind. And God saw

that it was good."



#### Gen. 1:21, 24, 25

"Then God said, "Let the earth bring forth the living creature according to its kind: cattle and creeping things and beast of the earth, each according to its kind; and it was so. And God made the beast of the earth according to its kind, cattle according to its kind, and everything that creeps on the earth according to its kind.

And God saw that it was good.



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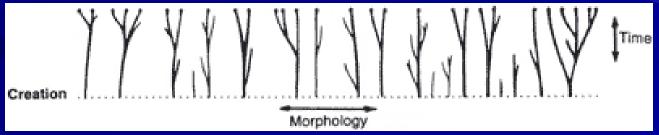
Our English word "KIND" comes from the Hebrew word "Min," from which is derived the study of "BARAMINOLOGY"

#### Baraminology

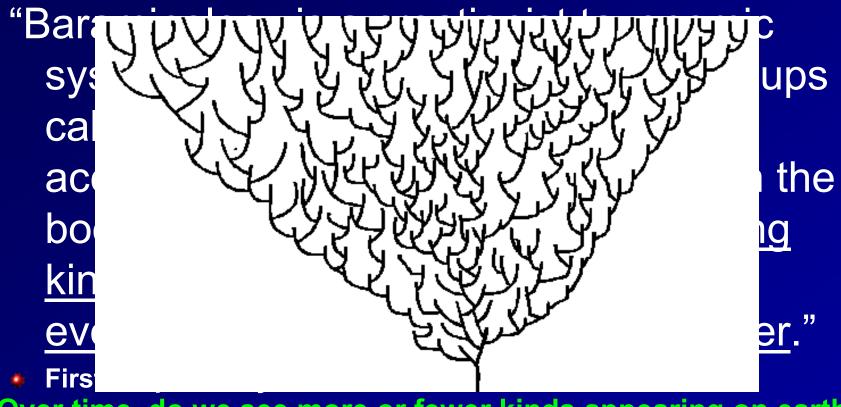
"Baraminology is a creationist taxonomic system that classifies animals into groups called "created kinds" or "baramins" according to the account of creation in the book of Genesis. It claims that differing kinds cannot interbreed, and have no evolutionary relationship to one another."

• First Proposed by Frank Marsh in 1941.

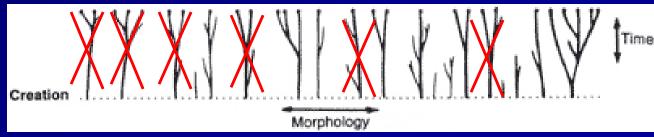
Over time, do we see more or fewer kinds appearing on earth?



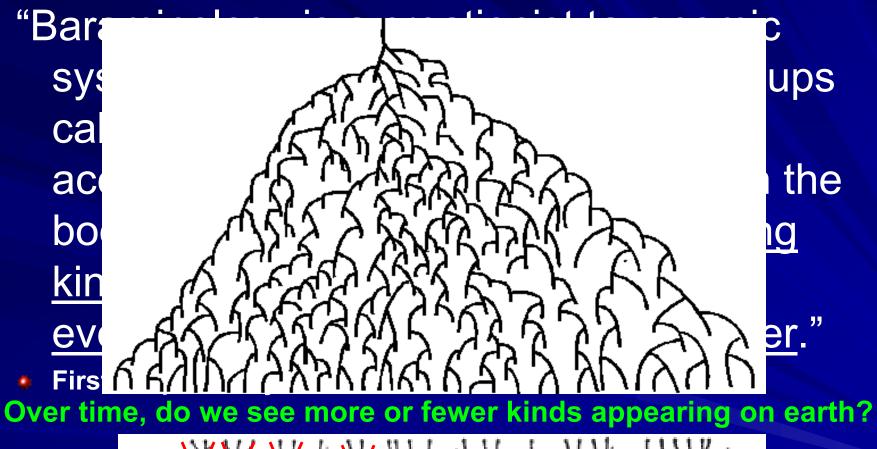
#### **Baraminology**

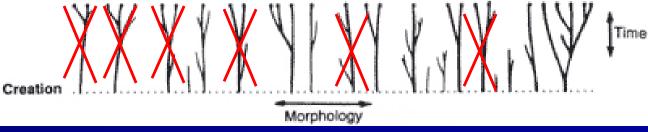


Over time, do we see more or fewer kinds appearing on earth?



### Baraminology

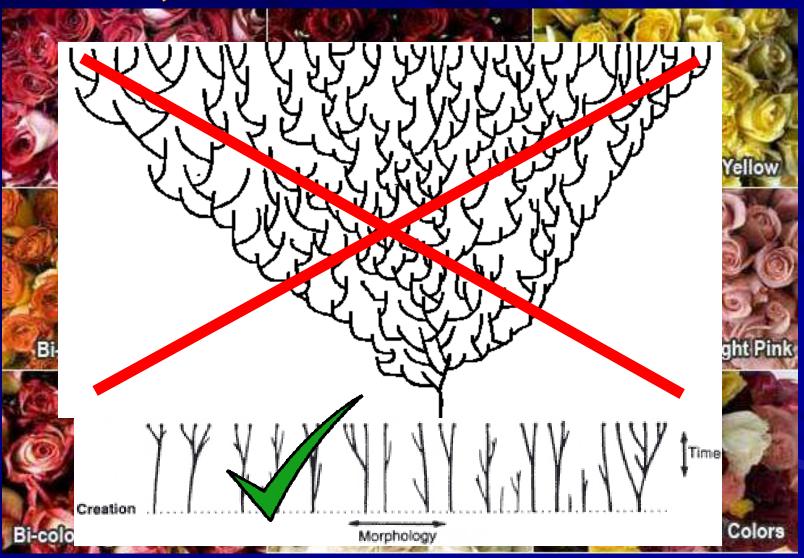




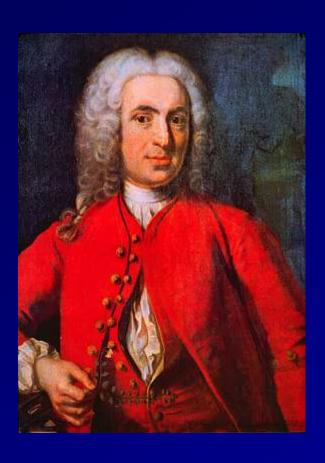
### > 1,300 Varieties of Roses



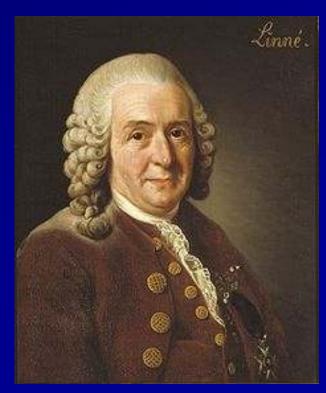
#### > 1,300 Varieties of Roses



# Carl Linneé's (Carolus Linnaeus) Taxonomic Classification Scheme

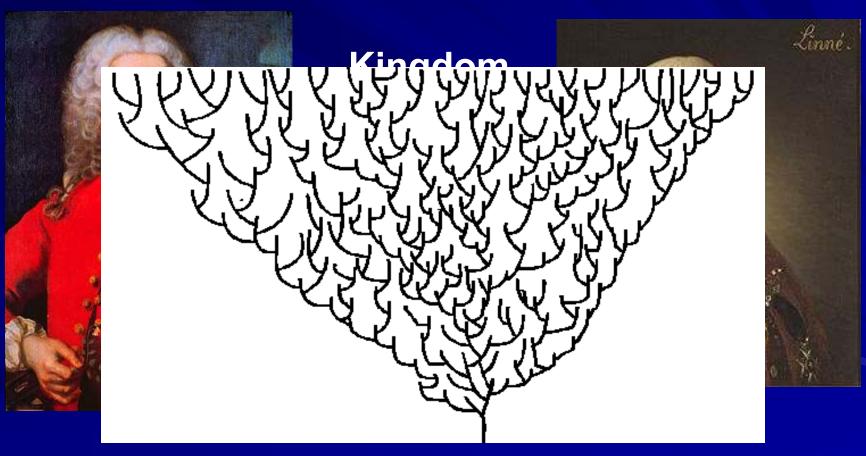


Kingdom
Phylum
Class
Order
Family
Genus
species

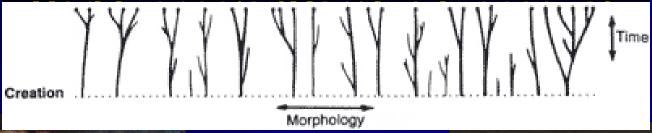


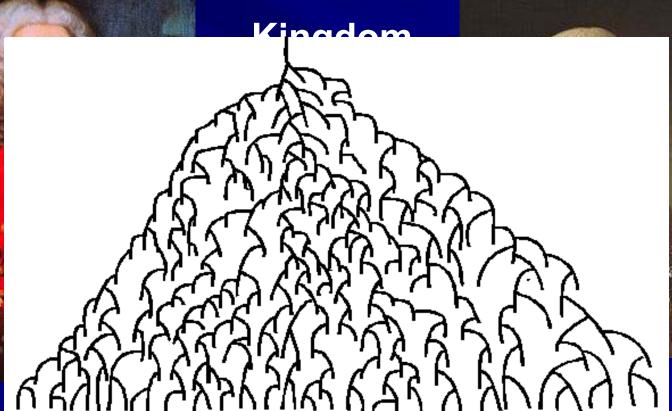
1707-1778

# Carl Linneé's (Carolus Linnaeus) Taxonomic Classification Scheme



## Lineé and Aristotle classified animals into discrete discontinuous groups.





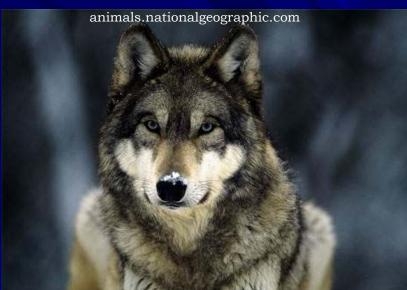
Sdsnake.com



Coyote



Dingo



**Gray Wolf** 



**Ethiopian Wolf** 



**Golden Jackal** 



**Domesticated Dog** 



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Sdsnake.com



Coyote



Dingo



**Gray Wolf** 



**Ethiopian Wolf** 



**Golden Jackal** 



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Wikipedia.com

## Coywolf

Sdsnake.com



Coyote



Dingo



**Gray Wolf** 



**Ethiopian Wolf** 



**Golden Jackal** 

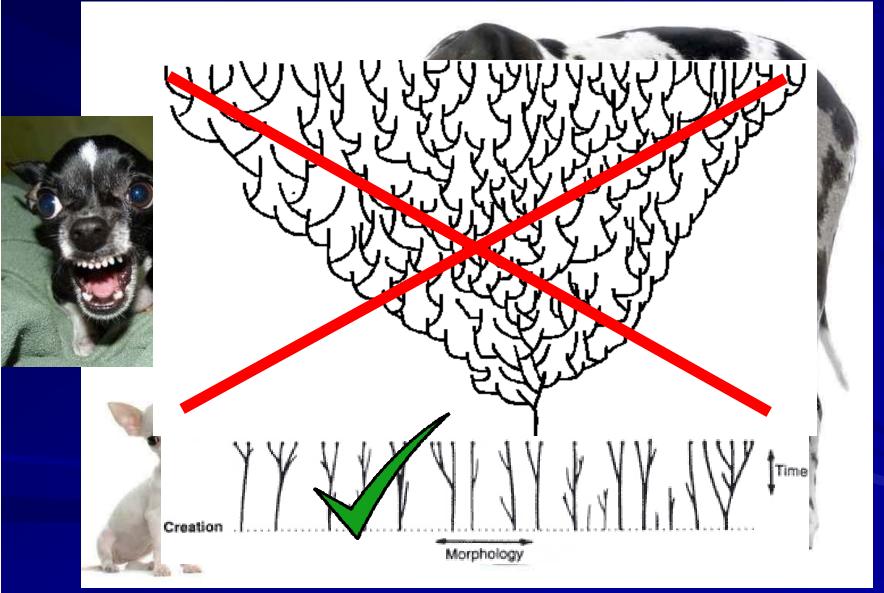


**Domesticated Dog** 

### Great Dane vs. Chihuahua



#### Great Dane vs. Chihuahua



#### Felidae Panthera

animals.nationalgeographic.com

animals.nationalgeographic.com





Lion

**Tiger** 

## Liger



news.nationalgeographic.com



**Tigon** 

# Each Has Lost Some Genetic Information from Original Ancestor

animals.nationalgeographic.com

animals.nationalgeographic.com





Lion

**Tiger** 

## Liger (up to 920 lbs.)



## Liger (up to 920 lbs.)



#### **Domestic Cat**



www.petpeoplesplace.com/resources/gallery/images/uploads/Abyssinian\_802904131.jpg

www.zooinstitutes.com/animals/1385.jpg

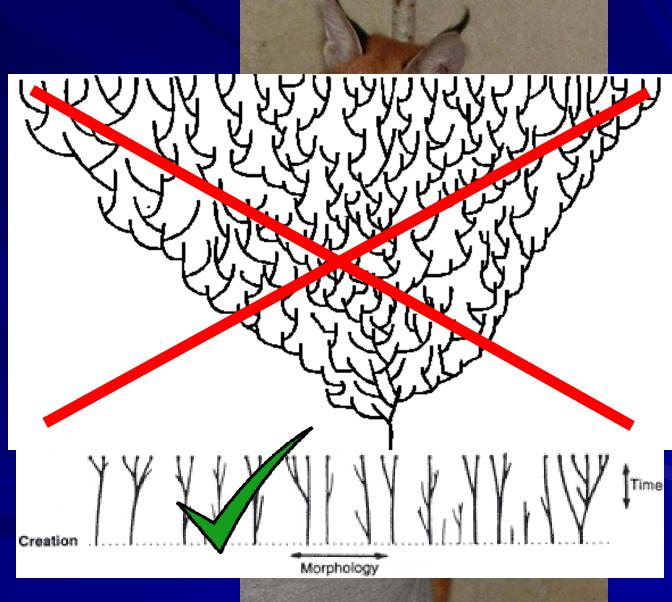


Caracal



#### Caracat

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#### Equidae Equus zebra

#### **Equidae** *Equus ferus*

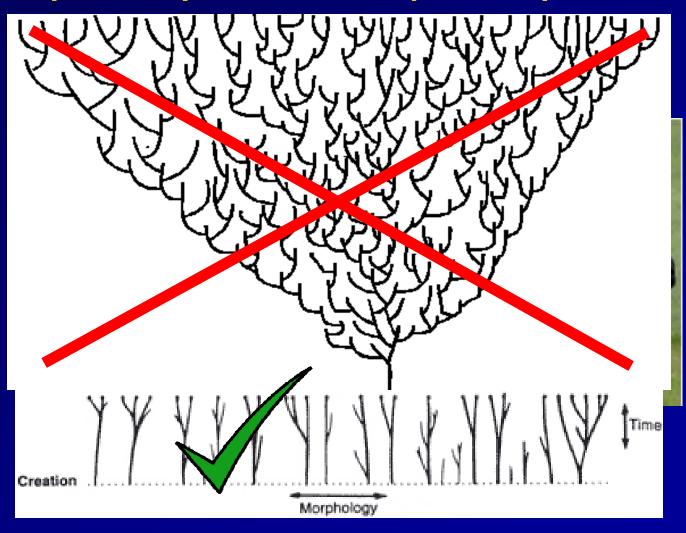


http://thequickanddirtydirty.com/wp-content/uploads/2010/02/zebra.jpg



www.filebrothers.com/screenshot/horse-running-beach.jpg

#### Equidae Equus zebra + Equidae Equus ferus =



# Equidae Equus zebra + Equidae Equus ferus = Zebroid



www.oddee.com/item\_96640.aspx

## Zorse





#### Equidae Equus zebra



http://thequickanddirtydirty.com/wp-content/uploads/2010/02/zebra.jpg

#### **Equidae** *Equus africanus*



# Equidae Equus zebra + Equidae Equus africanus = Zedonk





# Equidae Equus zebra + Equidae Equus africanus = Donkzee













#### What We Don't See

#### What We Don't See: A Rhinebra



 $www.worth 1000.com/hosted/tutorials/151216\_copy\_57200524520 PM\_1c\_finished.jpg$ 

### What We Don't See: A Bird Dog



 $www.worth 1000.com/hosted/tutorials/151216\_copy\_57200524520 PM\_1c\_finished.jpg$ 

#### What We Don't See: A Fox Bird



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#### What We Don't See: A Spider Bear



www.worth1000.com/hosted/tutorials/151216\_copy\_57200524520PM\_1c\_finished.jpg

#### What We Don't See: Giraffe Turtle



#### What We Don't See: A Zebrant



## What We Don't See: Elephantduck



#### What We Don't See: Rhinorooster



# What We Don't See: Sealparrot



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#### What We Don't See: Gorillacrow



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## What We Don't See: Leopardsquirrel



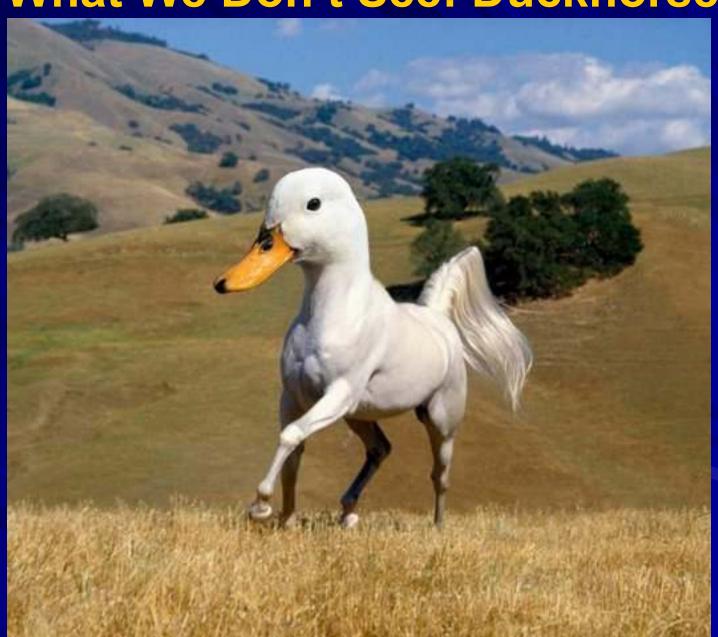
## What We Don't See: Kangerlion



#### What We Don't See: Lionbee



# What We Don't See: Duckhorse



#### What We Don't See: Sharkrhino



## What We Don't See: Dogshark



#### What We Don't See: Catpeople



## What We Don't See: Pugmonkey



## What We Don't See: Pugbunny



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#### What We Don't See: Gorilephant



# What We Don't See: Spidersnake



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#### What We Don't See: Lionowl



#### What We Don't See: Birdhorse



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## What We Don't See: Tigereagles



## What We Don't See: Bunnybird



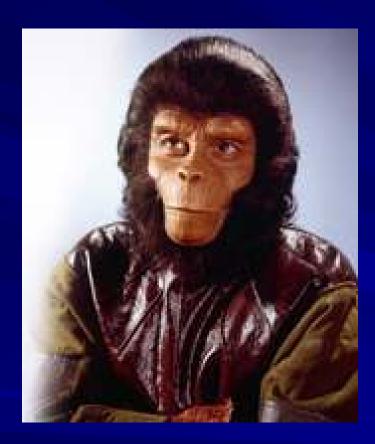
#### What We Don't See: Squirrelokeet



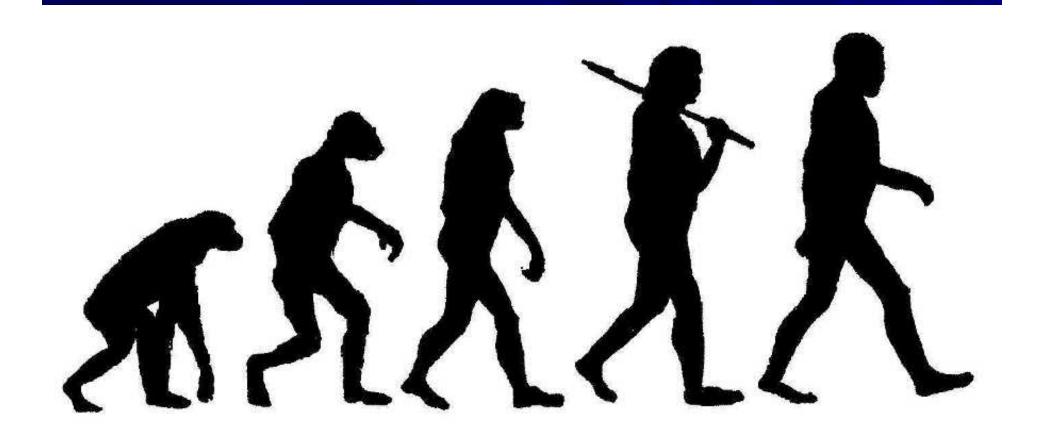
#### **Pughorse**



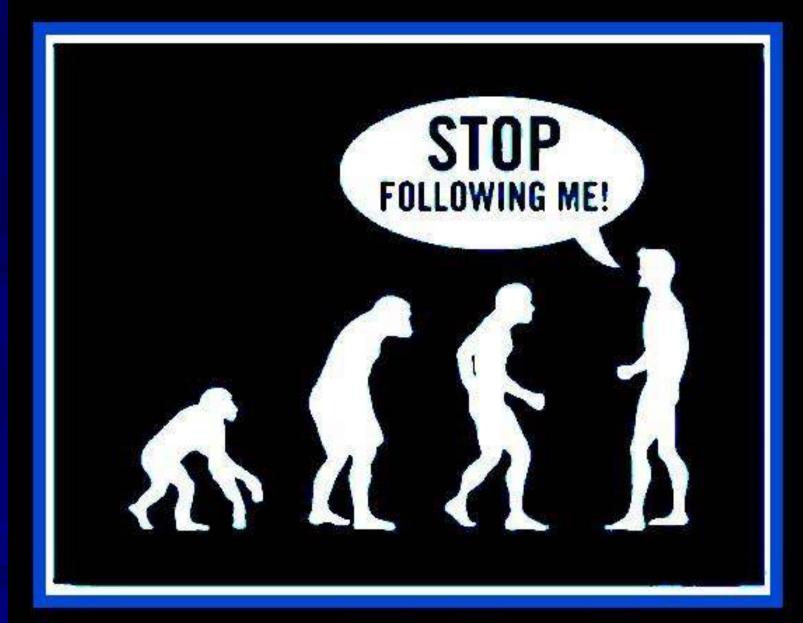
#### What We Don't See: Ape-Men







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WE'RE NOT RELATED!

#### Bovidae Bison bison

#### Bovidae Bos primigenius (aka, Domesticated Cattle) (>800 breeds)



www.livingwilderness.com/wildlife/bison-standing.html



http://kenfuchs42.net/lonestar2008\_01.html

#### Bovidae Bison bison + Bovidae Bos primigenius =

#### Beefalo

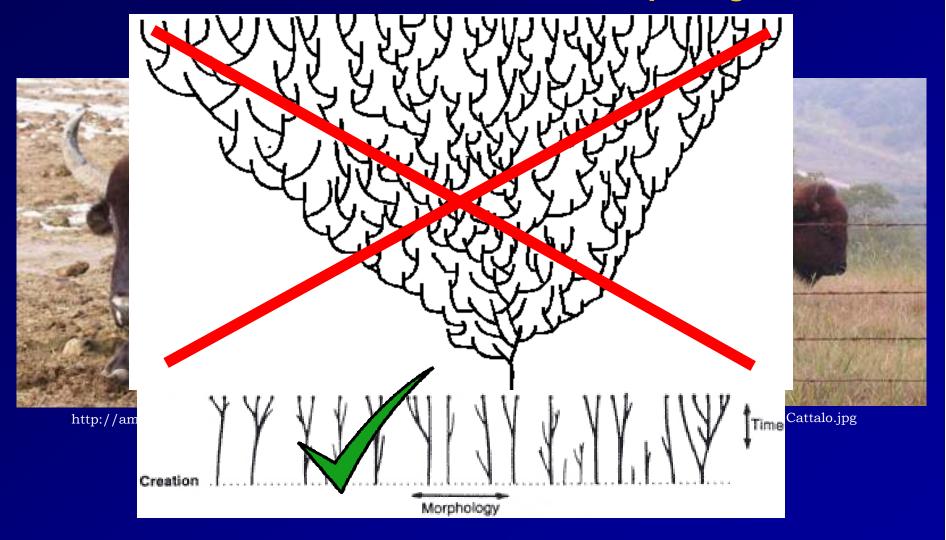


http://americanmonsters.com/site/2009/12/beefalo-usa



http://www.texasheroes.net/Cattalo.jpg

#### Bovidae Bison bison + Bovidae Bos primigenius =



#### 14 Members of The Cattle Kind

#### **The Cattle Kind**

1. American Bison







## **The Cattle Kind**



3. Musk Ox

# The Cattle Kind 4. Cape Buffalo



#### **The Cattle Kind**

5. Auroch (Progenitor to Domesticated Cattle. Last female died in 1627)



# The Cattle Kind 6. Wild Yak (Himalayans)



#### Bovidae Bos grunniens+ Bovidae Bos primigenius =





# Bovidae Bos grunniens+ Bovidae Bos primigenius = Yattle



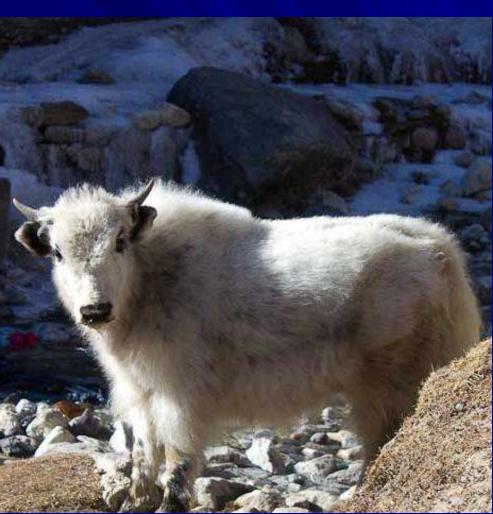
#### Bovidae Bos grunniens+ Bovidae Bison bison=





# Bovidae Bos grunniens+ Bovidae Bison bison Yakalo





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## The Cattle Kind 7. Asian Banteng



# The Cattle Kind 8. Kouprey (SE Asian Grey Ox)



## The Cattle Kind 9. Gaur (Indian Bison)



## The Cattle Kind 10. European Bison



## **Ancient European Cave Paintings**



## The Cattle Kind 10. European Bison



www.Extonchurch.org

## **Compare to American Bison**



## The Cattle Kind 10. European Bison



www.Extonchurch.org

### **The Cattle Kind**

11. Wild Water Buffalo (Asian Buffalo)



The Cattle Kind

12. Tamaraw (Mindoro Dwarf Buffalo- Philippines)



The Cattle Kind

13. Indonesian Lowland Anoa ("Midget Buffalo" < 500 Left)



The Cattle Kind

14. Indonesian Mountain Anoa ("Midget Buffalo" < 500 Left)



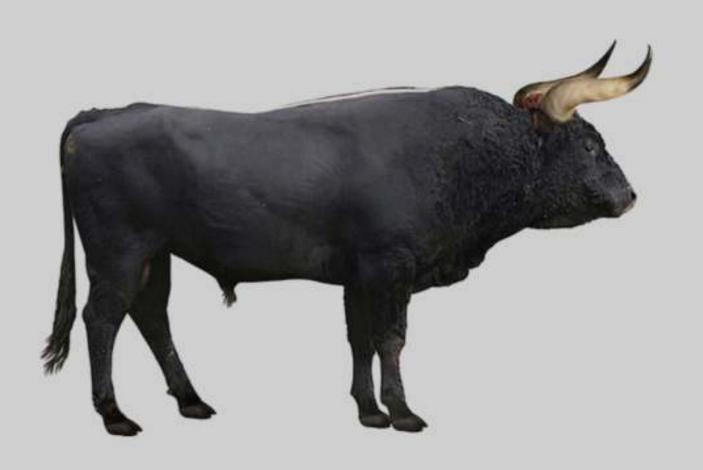


# 14 Members of The Cattle Kind All Descended from a Common Ancestor Because. . . . . They're All the Same KIND!



Dutch Back-Breeding Project to Produce an Auroch From Various Cattle Genes

All Descended from a Common Ancestor Because.... They're All the



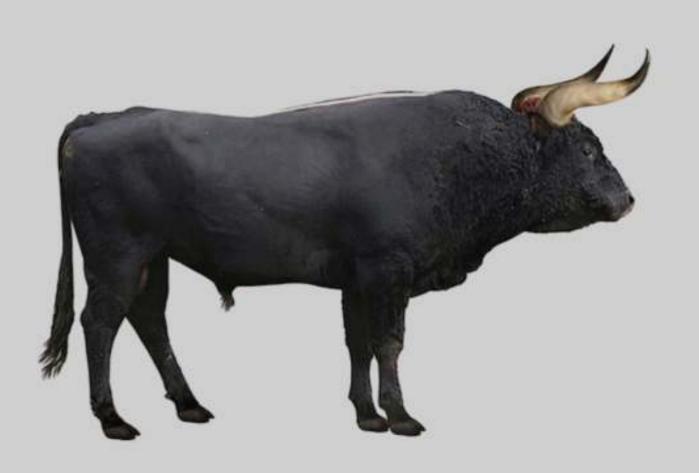
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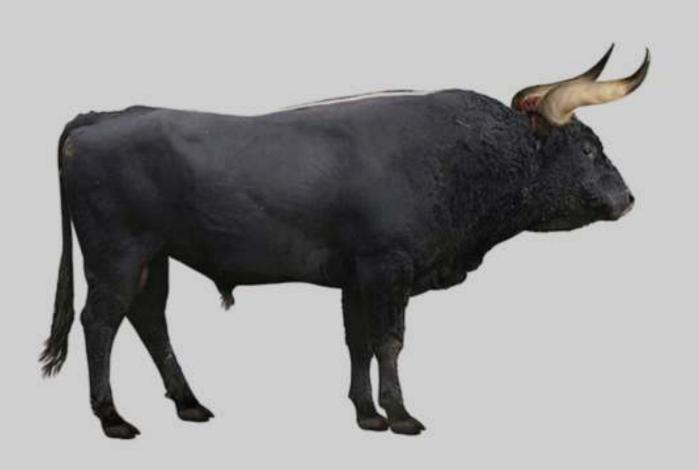
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### **The Cattle Kind**

5. Auroch (Progenitor to Domesticated Cattle. Last female died in 1627)



#### **Camelidae Camelus bactrianus**

http://cdmi.cesr.fr/pub/Sandbox/ANewCamel/camel.jpg

#### Camelidae Lama glama



http://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:Domestic\_Lama.jpg

## Camel and Lama Separated Across Two Contients Over Thousands of Miles, Supposedly Over Millions of Years

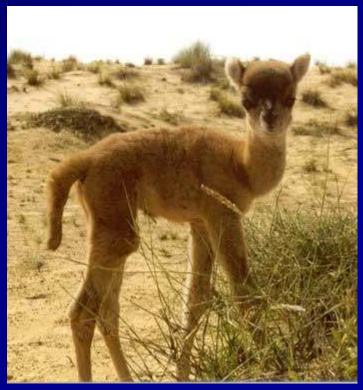


## They Can Still Interbreed!!

## Camelidae Camelus bactrianus + Camelidae Lama glama =

#### Cama





www.hemmy.net/2006/06/19/top-10-hybrid-animals/

## This Says that The Camel and Lama Have NOT Been Geographically-isolated for Millions of Years



#### Gen. 1:21, 24, 25

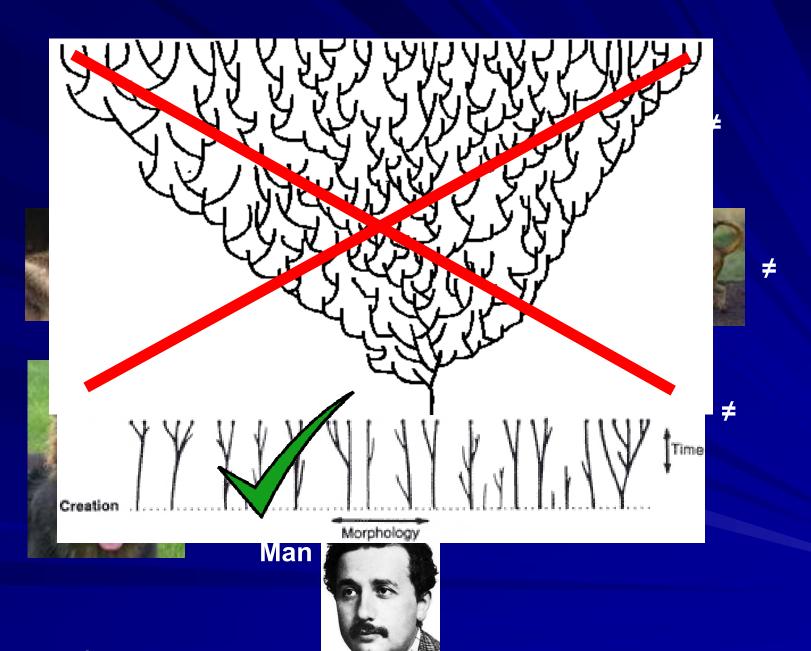
"So God created great sea creatures and every living thing that moves, with which the waters abounded, according to their kind, and every winged bird according to its kind. And God saw

that it was good."

"Then God said, "Let the earth bring forth the living creature according to its kind: cattle and creeping thing and beast of the earth, each according to its kind; and was so. And God made the beast of the earth according to its kind, cattle according to its kind, and everything that creeps on the earth according to its kind.

Joshua Gurtler 10/20/16 www.Extonchurch.org





# Some Final Issues for Discussion So, How Did Noah Fit All Those Animals in the Ark?

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- 1. 506,000 feet<sup>3</sup> of space on each of 3 decks = 1.5 million feet<sup>3</sup> of space (equivalent to 627 freight carriers or 500 semi trailers)
- 2. Only ~8,000 distinct animal kinds
- 3. Could have taken juveniles or eggs



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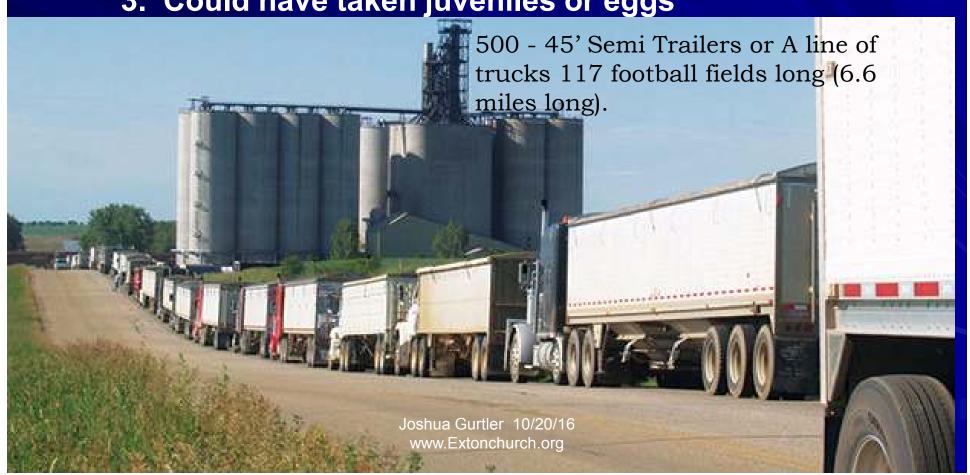
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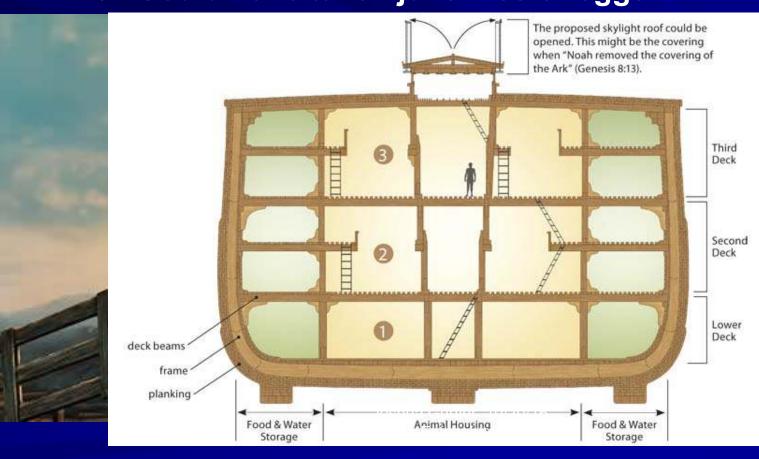
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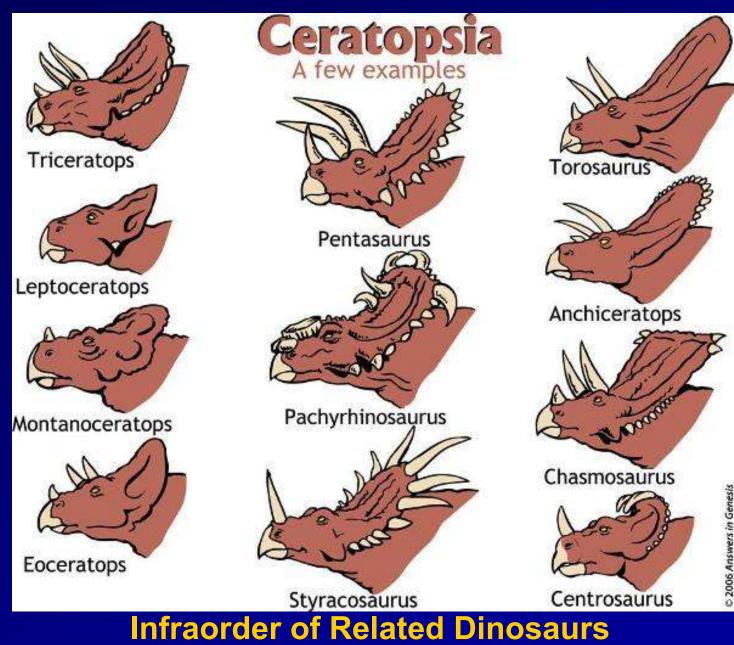


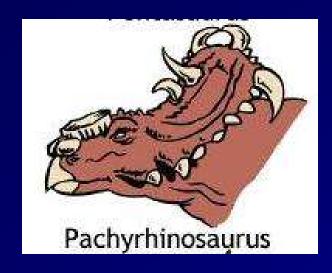
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# What Do Similarities in Human and Chimpanzee DNA Indicate?

- Evolutionists argue that chimpanzees may be our closest living "relative" sharing 98.5-99.4% homologous DNA.
- The Journal Nature, in 2005, had a special issue dedicated to the chimp genome and chimp/human relatedness. Some called it "the most dramatic confirmation yet." One headline stated, "Charles Darwin was Right and Chimp Gene Map Proves It."
- What did they find? There was 200% greater difference between chimp and human DNA than previously thought (i.e., 96%)
- This seems highly similar, but human genome has <u>2.9 billion</u> base pairs, so this amounts to <u>116 million differences</u>!
- Plus, there are 40-45 million genes in humans missing from chimps and vice versa. (Note: Sickle cell anemia is only a single base pair difference!)

### What Do Similarities in Human and Chimpanzee DNA Indicate?

- What's the Point? If Humans evolved from chimp-like creatures, it would require at least 116 million persistent (accumulating), beneficial point mutations.... But we can't find one! (PBS Principle)
- Further, this evolutionary process supposedly occurred in only 300,000 generations (i.e., 6 million years)
- HOWEVER, a bacterium with a 20 min. generation time, goes through 368,320 generations in only 14 years and, yet we don't see ONE positive, persistent (accumulating) mutation, much less 116 million!
- In 25 years, a bacterium goes through 657,000 generations =
   13.1 million years in supposed human evolutionary time
- Finally, although chimps and humans are supposed to be more closely related, sharing a common ancestor that came after the gorillas, guess what was found when comparing their three genomes?.... 18-29% of human genetic markers are more similar to gorillas than to chimps (which disproves evolution) reflects an intelligent designer making mix-and-match mosaics in creation (cf. duck billed platypus, red panda, human and octopus eyes, etc.).

## Conclusion: The Microevolution MAXIM

\* Animals can vary within their kind, (microevolution) but cannot change outside their kind (macroevolution).



# Common Ancestor Or COMMON DESIGNER?



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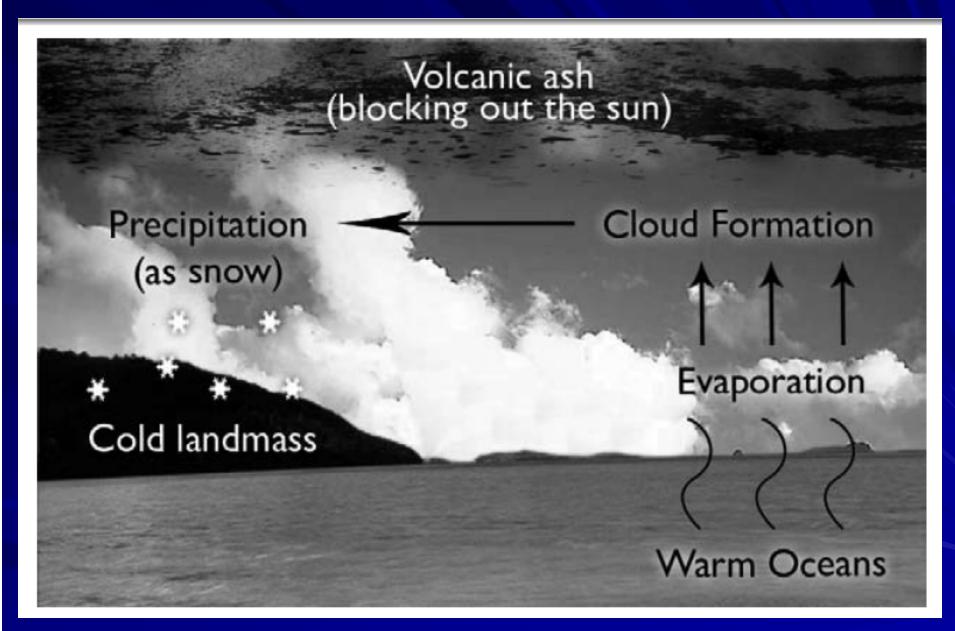
# Similarities Outside an Animal Kind = COMMON DESIGNER! Intelligent Design!!



### What About the "Ice Age"

Recommendation: Go to www.creation.com and do a search for "ice age"

It will turn up Nineteen (19) articles on the ice age.



Interestingly, there seem to be certain references to this Ice Age in the ancient book of Job (37:9–10, 38:22-23, 29-30), who perhaps lived in its waning years. (Job lived in the land of Uz, Uz being a descendant of Shem [Gen. 10:23], so that most conservative Bible scholars agree that Job probably lived at some time between the Tower of Babel and Abraham.) God questioned Job from a whirlwind, 'Out of whose womb came the ice? And the frost of the heavens, who fathered it? The waters are hidden like stone, and the face of the deep is frozen' (Job 38:29–30). Such questions presuppose Job knew, either firsthand or by historical/ family records, what God was talking about. This is probably a reference to the climatic effects of the Ice Age—effects not now seen in the Middle East.